Tafseer of Surah Al-Fatiha 

Proofs  
1. Allah's words  
2. Changes humanity  
3. Eloquence in language   
- Revealed in Makkah therefore a Makkan Surah   
- Quran was revealed in a span of 23 years.  
- Surah begins with bismillah, "In the name of Allah". Similarly, our life beings with Allah.  
- In the beginning of the first ayat, why did Allah choose "ham" from “Al ham”? It is only used for a living being, directing that Allah has already given you something.  
- "madh" was not used because it means non living/living/praise to get something  
- praising Allah is timeless   
- "rabb" - slave owner   
- Al ameen (plural of the word alam)   
  
Question to ponder over: Why do we find atheists more in the cities than the villages?   
  
- what Slave owner is praised?   
- (an) Mad / angry   
- "Ar-rahman ar-Raheem" We are sitting in His mercy right now / extreme / temporary / and it's always constant   
- Maaliki yaumid Deen - He will control the big and small things on the Day of Judgement   
  
Why is there Day of Judgement?   
- justice to be servedd  
- payback   
- out of His mercy   
  
- Iyyaaka na’abudu wa iyyaaka nasta’een (we worship only You and seek help and that WE ARE TRYING)  
\* keep money in the hands not in the heart  
- Allah helps to the straight path, while on the straight path, while entering the straight path   
- seerat (singular path that is wide, long, dangerous, challenging, and straight)  
\* the Higher you go up, the harder you fall   
  
READ! SEEK KNOWLEDGE!   
  
Islamic civilization produced so many great people in different fields, times, cultures, and places.  
- the most elite and noble in the planet  
- debt repaid to great Sahaba, not Abu Bakr  
- our prophet (pbuh) visited Abu Bakr everyday.  
- Abu Bakr's imaan on a balance scale would outweigh EVERYONE'S  
  
Who is Abu Bakr?  
- from sabiqoon-as sabiqoon. Puts himself in the forefront of everything he did. He did it at the best.   
- was chosen as the companion during the time of making the calendar   
- hard to distinguish Abu Bakr from the prophet. They both arrived at Madinah and yet the people could not tell who was the prophet.   
- for a battle, charity was asked and Umar tries to outdo Abu Bakr  
  
Abu Bakr’s narrative history   
- puesdo name was Abu Bakr (real name was Abdul Kaba)  
- born 2 1/2 years after prophet   
- fathers name was Uthman  
  
Abu Bakr’s father   
- known as Abu Quhafa   
- did not accept Islam after 22 years after prophethood  
- when the prophet heard this, he was upset that he didn't tell him earlier because he would’ve gone himself   
  
Abu Bakr’s mother  
- Salma umm-ul-Khair  
- accepted Islam very early   
- Abu Bakr has a good relationship with his mother.   
- She accepted Islam so easily because they had trusted each other.   
  
Abu Bakr’s marriage  
- married 4 times in his life: Utayla, Um Ruman, Habiba, Asma  
- 3 sons and 3 daughter   
  
Abu Bakr’s children  
- good parents produce good children.   
  
Eldest son: Abdur Rahman   
- accepted Islam at treaty of hudaybiyya ( 8 years after Hijjrah)  
- during the time of the Battle of Badr   
- Abdur Rahman is in battle with Abu Bakr, but doesn't kill him. Abu Bakr told him if he was in his position, he would have killed him because his love for Islam was so high. 

Middle son: Abdullah   
- accepted Islam with his father   
- played important role when the Muslims migrated from Makkah to medina   
- while traveling, the prophet (saw) and Abu Bakr were stuck in a cave for three days and Abdullah would bring news for them, risking life in the process. His life was in great danger due to the Quraish knew he would be the end gong to see his father. During the dampest parts of the night he snuck back... treated all his kids equally. 

Youngest son: not raised by Abu Bakr

Youngest daughter: Asma.   
- married Zohaib ibn Awam, gave birth to Abdullah ibn Jubair 

Middle daughter: Aisha   
- mother of the believers   
- she had the sharpest of memories, she had the ability to narrate the personal life  
  
Abu Bakr’s lineage was helped in Imaan because of Abu Bakr’s deeds.